# Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 July 2014



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# Financial Highlights

	Year Ended 31 July 2014	Year Ended 31 July 2013
	£000	£000
Results, Cash Flows and Reserves		
Total income	148,263	141,980
Total expenditure	140,498	136,016
Operating surplus before taxation	7,765	5,964
as % of income	5.2	4.2
Historical cost surplus after taxation as % of income	8,079 5.4	6,279 4.4
Net liquidity (cash plus current asset investments) Net liquidity / (total expenditure - depreciation) days	63,268 180	57,736 169
External borrowing (including repayable within one year) as % of income	50,382 34.0	53,905 38.0
General reserve as % of income	80,033 54.0	71,955 50.7
Net cash flow from operating activities as % of income	18,600 12.5	11,188 7.9
Payments to acquire tangible fixed assets as % of income	10,306 7.0	10,952 7.7
Other Key Statistics	Number	Number
Number of full-time equivalent students	8,704	8,655
Average number of full-time equivalent staff	1,373	1,335

This Operating and Financial Review has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Higher Education Statement of Recommended Practice: Accounting for Further and Higher Education ("SORP") issued in July 2007, and follows best practice as set out in the Reporting Statement "Operating and Financial Review" issued by the Accounting Standards Board in January 2006.

#### **Operating Review**

#### Vision and Strategy

The College's strategy is set out in its Strategic Plan 2013-20. The vision for 2020 is:

- Our strengths and achievements are known worldwide
- Our students are independently-minded and socially responsible leaders
- We are placed amongst the top research universities
- We take full advantage of our size and flexible structures
- We work collaboratively with key partners to achieve greater mutual benefit
- Our campus environment stimulates, inspires and refreshes

Moderate student growth to 10,500 is envisaged, with an emphasis on maintaining a strong sense of community, coupled with growth of collaborations and academic partnerships. The goal is to maintain the current ranking amongst the world's top 200 universities and to be consistently recognised as a top 20 UK university in major league tables. Research excellence will inform high-quality taught courses. Major improvements to facilities are planned starting with a major new library building.

Four strategic themes have been identified to realise the vision. Objectives and key performance indicators have been identified for each of the themes.

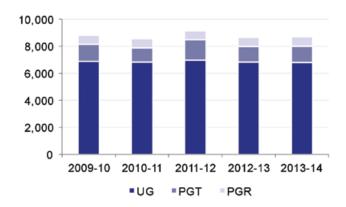
- Reputation, impact and engagement: raising the profile of the College, increasing the number of undergraduate entrants making Royal Holloway their first choice, and developing a range of high impact partnerships
- Our Education: improving satisfaction levels for taught courses in undergraduate and postgraduate surveys, and increasing the proportion of graduates in graduate level employment
- Our Student Experience: raising the overall satisfaction level in the National Student Survey and the Student Barometer for living experience and the level of participation in the Passport scheme which recognises non-academic achievements
- Our Research: maintaining research excellence as measured in the Research Excellence Framework (REF) and growth in research income and research students.

#### **Operating Results**

#### **Student Numbers**

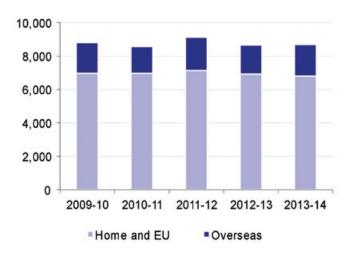
Student numbers were 8,704 full-time equivalents (FTEs) in 2013-14 compared to 8,655 FTEs in 2012-13. Postgraduate student FTEs were 22% of the total, including research postgraduates at 8%. (figure 1).

Figure 1: Student FTEs by category of undergraduate and postgraduate teaching and research



There was a decrease of 120 Home and EU (HEU) FTEs and an increase of 169 overseas students (figure 2). The number of first year HEU undergraduates increased by 57 FTEs: the fall in overall HEU numbers was due to the flow through effects from previous intakes

Figure 2: Student FTEs by domicile

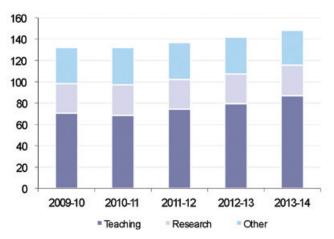


#### **Income and Operating Surplus**

Total income increased by 4% from £142.0m in 2012-13 to £148.3m in 2013-14. In 2013-14 teaching accounted for 59% of total income and research was 19% of the total (figure 3).

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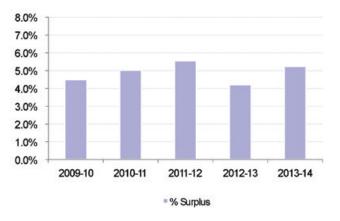
Figure 3: Annual income by major category (£m)



Where "teaching" is defined as HEFCE teaching grant plus tuition fees and contracts and "research" as HEFCE research grant plus research grants and contracts

The operating surplus in 2013-14 was £7.8m (5.2% of income) compared to £6.0m in 2012-13 (4.2%). In figure 4, the operating surplus as a proportion of income is set out for the last five years. In this period the overall surplus has been 4.9% of income. The surpluses provide funds for investment in the College estate and infrastructure.

Figure 4: Annual operating surplus as a proportion of income



#### Capital Programme and Sustainable Development

A second major phase of the project to repurpose the Victorian Boiler House building was completed at the beginning of the academic year. This provides a large multi-purpose hall and 250-seat lecture space using retractable seating. The seating capacity has removed a constraint to the expansion of mid-sized departments able to increase their intake of undergraduate students under the more flexible and competitive arrangements being phased in.

The final phase of a major £5m refurbishment and upgrade of the residences in the Founder's building was completed for the start of the 2013-14 academic year. The project includes new furniture, pantries and bathroom facilities.

Over the summer of 2014 artificial sports pitches have been laid, together with a range of improvements to other sports facilities, partly funded from a bequest.

The detailed design for the construction of a new library, careers, retail, café and student support space is being finalised for planning submission. This will be a major new building located opposite Founder's with an estimated cost of £41m planned to open for the 2017-18 session. In addition plans for a development of circa 700 student residential places are being progressed with the aim of opening these for 2016-17.

The College has submitted a new site master plan for the main campus to the Local Authority. The plan provides a framework for the long-term development of the estate. It includes a range of new academic buildings and additional residences and the improvement of the campus environment for pedestrians. The determination of the plan has been deferred and is now due to be considered in January 2015.

The College is committed to the principles and practices of sustainable development and has set demanding targets in its strategy for a reduction of its carbon footprint. A new waste contract was agreed in the year with zero waste to landfill and improved waste segregation.

#### **Principal Risks and Future Prospects**

The strategic plan identifies the top five risks as: lack of awareness of Royal Holloway; failing to achieve student number targets; a decline in research ranking through the REF; changes to funding which threaten research income; and facilities not matching our needs.

A number of measures are in place to address these risks. A new brand identity has been launched and there is an ongoing programme to improve student recruitment and admissions strategies and processes. There is evidence from increased applications and expected intakes for 2014-15 that these investments are producing positive results. Provisional indications are that HEU undergraduate intake numbers will achieve the target for growth of 9%. Total overseas student numbers are also expected to increase. HEU postgraduate numbers are expected to be flat, reflecting overall weakness in the market for traditional programmes. Overall the budgeted growth is expected to be achieved.

The opening up of competition for domestic undergraduates has created challenges as well as opportunities that did not exist in the old system of controlled numbers. The higher intakes in 2014-15 are encouraging, but the removal of all caps in 2015-16 will further change the market dynamics. It will be important to be able respond to these changes in a flexible way and ensure that programmes reflect demand, as well as seeking opportunities to diversify teaching income.

A new undergraduate law programme is being launched from 2015-16 and the interest already shown at open days is encouraging. Further programme launches are planned in the next three years in areas of student demand and to address gaps

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in the portfolio: these include Accounting and Finance within the School of Management, and a new discipline of Electronic Engineering which will connect with the existing discipline areas of Physics and Computer Science.

In Management, the programme taught in Singapore in collaboration with Kaplan Asia Pacific has achieved above target student numbers and further growth is planned.

The 2014 National Student Survey outcome was an overall satisfaction rating of 89%, the same as in the previous year following four consecutive years of improvement, putting the College 15th in England.

The submission for the Research Excellence Framework (REF) has been made, and the outcome of this will be published in December 2014. In the meantime strategic planning for the next assessment period is beginning. The quality of the College's research is demonstrated through the continued success in winning awards of major research grants in a constrained funding environment, and the establishment in 2013 of the EPSRC doctoral training centre in Cyber Security, one of only two nationally, together with Oxford University.

A long-term estates development plan is in place and investments are being made to deal with immediate needs.

The multi-employer pension schemes, USS and SAUL, are subject to a triennial valuation as of March 2014. The outcome of the valuation exercises is expected during 2015 with any changes unlikely to be effective before 2015-16. Both schemes have reported substantial interim deficits since their last valuation, due to the increase in the value of their liabilities arising from low gilt rates. Universities UK (UUK) has issued a consultation document to employers proposing major reforms to the USS benefits structure, in order to address the deficit while containing employer contributions within a rate of 18% compared to 16% currently. The outcome of this process is uncertain but will apply to all universities which participate in USS. The underlying financial exposure to SAUL is much smaller. Some moderate increase in the employer contribution rate from 13% is under consideration.

#### **Financial Review**

#### Scope of the Financial Statements

The financial statements comprise the consolidated results of the College (including funds for which the College is a trustee) and its subsidiary company Royal Holloway Enterprise Limited, for the year ended 31 July 2014.

#### Results for the Year

In summary, the consolidated results were:

£m	2013-14	2012-13	Change
Income	148.3	142.0	6.3
Expenditure	140.5	136.0	4.5
Surplus	7.8	6.0	1.8

After tax and adjusting for income transferred to accumulated income within endowments, the surplus retained within general reserves was £7.8m compared with £5.9m for 2012-13.

#### **HEFCE Grants**

Income from the Higher Education Funding Council for England (HEFCE) decreased by £5.7m (17%) to £27.3m. The main movements were a reduction in Teaching Grant of £5.5m and a fall in Deferred Capital Grants released of £0.2m. These reflect the ongoing transfer of teaching income to tuition fees and reduction in the level of HEFCE capital grants.

#### **Tuition Fees**

Income from tuition fees and education contracts increased by £12.9m (20%) to £77.0m from £64.1m in 2012-13. Home/EU fee income increased by £8.1m (24%) as a result of a second year of undergraduates becoming liable for the higher £9k fee. Overseas fee income increased by £3.1m (13%) in line with an overall increase in students of 208 FTEs (12%).

Research Training Support Grants were £2.7m. These include grants from Research Council Doctoral Training Centres (DTC). £1.9m from this source was reported under Research Income in 2012-13, and the comparative number has been adjusted to £2.1m. The increase is due to new awards and the roll out of the DTC model across all the Research Councils. Short Course and Other Fees were £4.1m compared with £3.0m the previous year. This increase has arisen as a result of higher numbers of students taking preparatory English language programmes and expansion of external programme activity, including the Kaplan collaboration in Singapore.

#### Other Income

Income from research grants and contracts was £15.1m in 2013-14 compared to £14.3m in 2012-13, after adjusting for the reclassification of £1.9m of Research Council doctoral training grants to Tuition Fees. The adjusted increase of £0.8m was mainly from Research Council awards, with income from other sources increasing by £0.1m.

Other Operating Income was £1.6m lower at £27.1m compared with £28.7m in 2012-13. The fall is partly due to a general purposes bequest of £0.8m included in income in 2012-13. In addition 2012-13 included income from the Olympic village located at the College which increased external trading income above the normal level.

Endowment and investment income decreased slightly by £0.1m from £1.8m to £1.7m, as a result of lower interest income with market interest rates continuing to run at low levels.

#### Expenditure

Total expenditure increased by £4.5m to £140.5m from £136.0m in 2012-13.

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Staff costs increased by £1.9m (2.4%) to £78.9m. This included a nationally-agreed pay increase from August 2013 of 1% for all staff. Staff restructuring costs were lower at £0.2m compared with £0.6m in 2012–13. Average staff FTEs were 2.8% higher at 1,373 compared with 1,335 in 2012–13. Some of the increase in cost related to extra expenditure on research assistants and teaching support with a lower average cost than academic staff.

Other operating expenses increased by £1.6m (3%) to £47.4m from £45.9m in 2012-13. This included increased expenditure for student related costs, including support for undergraduates under the Office for Fair Access (OFFA) bursary arrangements and College support for postgraduates. Library expenditure also increased significantly.

Depreciation costs increased by £1.1m (10%) to £12.0m. This included the additional costs from the Boiler Hall, Founder's residences upgrade and other capital expenditure, and a one-off impairment charge of £0.5m for facilities which are being redeveloped. Interest costs were marginally lower at £2.1m. Exposure to variable interest rates for £40m of the loans is hedged by fixed rate interest swaps. There is some exposure to LIBOR interest rate movements on the remaining borrowing, but rates were stable during the year.

#### **Capital Investment**

Capital investment in the year was £10.3m, financed by capital grants of £1.2m and £9.1m cash. Building projects included the completion of the Boiler House refurbishment, the final phase of the refurbishment of Founder's student accommodation, sports facilities and design costs of the new library. Equipment related expenditure of £2.7m included £1.3m on academic equipment and £1.1m on IT projects.

#### Cash Flow and Liquid Assets

The net cash flow generated from operating activities was £18.6m. Capital expenditure was £10.3m, for which there were capital grants of £1.2m, and there were loan repayments of £3.5m. The total of current asset cash and current asset investments (cash held on deposit) increased by £5.5m to £63.3m.

#### **Investment Performance**

The balance sheet value of the College's endowment assets investments at the year-end was unchanged at £73.6m. Within this there was an appreciation of £0.7m in the investments and an offsetting reduction in the interim valuation of the picture collection. A full revaluation of the Picture Collection was carried out in July 2011.

The endowment investments (excluding the Picture Collection) are managed by two fund managers, Aberdeen Asset Management (AAM) and Newton Investment Managers (NIM). Investment performance is monitored by the Investment Committee advised by WM Performance Services. For the year to 30 June 2014, AAM achieved a total return of 8.4% and NIM produced a return of 8.9%. The combined return was above the target for a total return of 8.5% per annum over a five-year period, but below the WM Charity Universe return for the year of 10.5%.

Professor P Layzell Principal Stephen Cox Chairman of Council

### Public Benefit Statement

The College is required to make a report on how it has delivered its charitable purposes for the public benefit. In making this statement, the Trustees (Council Members) have had regard to the Charity Commission's guidance on public benefit.

#### Charitable status

The College is an exempt charity and, as such, is exempt from registration with the Charity Commission. The College is monitored by the Higher Education Funding Council for England as its Principal Regulator, in accordance with the Charities Act 2011

The College was incorporated by the Royal Holloway and Bedford New College Act 1985. This defined the College's charitable objectives to be "to promote for the public benefit education and scholarship and...for that purpose to provide instruction leading to degrees of the University [of London], to superintend postgraduate studies and to promote research."

#### Education, access and widening participation

The College provides education at undergraduate and postgraduate level across its three faculties of Science, Arts and Social Sciences, and Management and Economics. Students are selected based on their ability successfully to complete their programme of study to the required standards.

Fees to Home and EU (HEU) students are charged at the rates permitted by the regulations, and overseas student fees and other discretionary fees take account of the competitive market and the requirement for activities to cover their full costs. A wide range of support for fees and living costs is provided in order to give opportunities to study at the College to those who cannot afford the fees. Under the arrangements for charging fees of £9,000 to full-time undergraduate HEU students, overseen by the Office for Fair Access, awards to students totalled £3,117k in 2013-14 (2012-13 £2,748k). Other awards from the College's resources and endowment income, mainly to support postgraduates, increased to £4,705k in 2013/14 (2012/13 £4,159k). £450k (2012/13 £309k) was specifically allocated as assistance to overseas fee paying students.

The College is actively engaged in activities to widen participation in higher education. Targeted outreach activities include our 'Ladder of Learning' aspiration-raising events and residential Summer Schools for Year 9 and Year 10 students from low-participation neighbourhoods, under-represented groups and parents with no previous experience of Higher Education. In addition, we have a programme for primary school pupils involving one-day 'Experience University' workshops. We also seek to provide opportunities to students with non-traditional qualifications to study at the College. For example, as part of the College's undergraduate bursary programme, Access Bursaries are offered to provide additional financial support to selected students with non-traditional educational backgrounds.

For overseas students, the College provides English language teaching in pre-sessional programmes to improve English language skills and to prepare students to undertake a degree programme. English Language support is also provided on an in-sessional basis.

The College provides counselling support to students through a counselling service, and an educational support office assists students with disabilities and learning difficulties. Hardship funding is provided through the Access for Learning grant, and endowment fund income is used to provide additional support, including temporary loans.

#### Research

Research takes place across all the College's principal academic activities, and the provision of a curriculum and learning experiences that are informed by research is an important element of what the College offers to students.

The contribution of the College's research to the advancement of knowledge and understanding is reflected in the outcome of the RAE 2008 in which 60% of the research submitted was rated as world-leading or internationally excellent. The following examples give an indication of the variety of the public benefits that are produced by the College's research and academic engagement activities:

- In a collaborative project Dr Robin Williams from the Centre for Biomedical Research has developed a new biochemical approach to identifying epilepsy treatments which not only offer stronger seizure protection but could also provide safer treatment for pregnant women.
- Dr Preti Taneja, English, was named one of the BBC's New Generation Thinkers 2014 for her research project that rewrites Shakespeare for the 21st century.
- A study, co-authored by Dr Thomas Stevens, from the
  Department of Geography has provided a major new theory
  on the cause of the ice age that covered large parts of the
  Northern Hemisphere 2.6 million years ago. It found a
  previously unknown mechanism by which the joining of North
  and South America changed the salinity of the Pacific Ocean
  and caused major ice sheet growth across the Northern
  Hemisphere.

The dissemination of research is a vital aspect of the College's academic purpose, and this has been improved by the implementation of an Open Access Repository. The provision of open access to research outputs will be considerably increased as the College begins to implement the new open access requirements of Research Excellence Framework (REF) 2020. The College is also making plans to make research data sets available on an open access basis.

When entering into research contracts with private organisations, the ability to disseminate the results of research is an important consideration, and research which has not been published is not eligible for inclusion in the REF.

### **Public Benefit Statement**

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#### Business and community engagement

Consultancy and technical services activity, which primarily provides advice and services to a specific customer, are carried out through the College's trading company Royal Holloway Enterprise Limited, as these are non-charitable activities. However, this commercial engagement with business is an important aspect of the College's activities, as it builds relationships and creates potential opportunities for further engagement involving research and teaching.

Universities have important roles within their local communities. The College employs about 1,500 staff, over half of whom live within a ten-mile radius of the College. A varied programme of events and activities are offered for the community including lectures and musical events and an annual garden party; the College participates in the annual heritage day, and provides other opportunities to visit the Grade 1 listed Founder's building and the campus; and it supports cultural and social events in the local area such as the Egham Royal Show, and the Runnymede Literary Festival. It is working closely with the borough and county councils to plan the Magna Carta celebrations in 2015.

Of particular importance to community engagement are the volunteering opportunities provided to students organized through a Volunteering Manager and the Students' Union. More than 2,000 students are registered with the College's Community Action Volunteering Scheme and take part in a range of activities working with over 200 community partners.

#### Enriching the student experience and employment

The College and the Students' Union provide opportunities for students to engage in a broad range of social, sporting, volunteering and intellectual activities. These enrich the student experience and are an important aspect of preparing students for their lives after graduation.

The value of co-curricular activities is recognised by the Royal Holloway Passport. Students earn points through participation in co-curricular activities (160 activity streams in 2014-15 from 100 streams in 2013-14) and attend a compulsory coaching session to equip them to present themselves well to employers. In 2013-4 2,900 students (2012-13 1,900 students) were registered on the Passport.

In the spirit of our founder, Thomas Holloway, we support student entrepreneurship through the provision of markets for student led businesses and the promotion of business opportunities. We also support entrepreneurial activity in student societies, especially through Enactus and the newly relaunched Royal Holloway Entrepreneurs, but also through societies such as Film Festival. In January 2014 we held a Night Market in Egham High St which showcased student creativity and commercial acumen, attracting 300 visitors to the event.

For our 2012-13 graduates, six months after graduation 93% (89% 2011-12) of our first degree students were in work or further study. 181 employers visited the campus last year, often represented by enthusiastic alumni. We have expanded our range of micro-placement schemes linked to the curriculum to 8 academic departments (2 departments in 2011-12, 6 in 2012-13). We now offer 60 competitive micro-placements to our students each year which helps them launch their careers.

#### **Acting responsibly**

The College carries out its activities with the intention of avoiding detriment or harm. A Health and Safety Office is employed to ensure that there is best practice in health and safety standards including sound risk assessment practices. Research proposals involving human participants must be approved by an Ethics Committee before they can proceed. Progress is being made in a number of areas to reduce the environmental impact of the College, including the reduction of emissions and the implementation of a new integrated zero waste to landfill contract.

#### **Statement of Primary Responsibilities**

In accordance with the Royal Holloway and Bedford New College Act 1985, the Council is the governing and executive body of the College. It has agreed the following Statement of Primary Responsibilities.

#### **General Principles**

1 The Royal Holloway and Bedford New College Act 1985 (RHBNCA '85) established the College as a body corporate with perpetual succession and a common seal. The College is a Statutory Corporation, i.e. a legal body that has the power to sue or be sued, own property and enter into contractual obligations. The Council is its governing body, with responsibility for the oversight of the business of the College and for ensuring that it is done consistently with the Act and statutes and with the statutes, regulations and ordinances of the University of London.

#### **Status of Members**

2 All members of the Council shall have equal status, rights, powers and duties and shall share collective responsibility for all the acts and decisions of the Council but subject to the limitation on the participation of student members specified in Statute 27 (exclusion from Reserved Area Business). All members shall speak and act in their own right contributing to the deliberations of the Council whatever special knowledge and advice they can, and exercising their own judgement to the best of their ability in the interests of and for the good of the College as a whole. (RHBNCA '85 S8)

#### **Duties of Council Members**

- 3 The Council must meet at least four times a year and members have a duty to attend regularly, both Council meetings and the meetings of any committees to which they have been appointed and to take full part in the discussions. They are expected to take an interest in and keep themselves up to date on issues affecting the business of the College, locally, nationally and internationally.
- 4 They have a general duty to avoid conflicts of interest between their own private, public and professional life and that of the College and to this end must notify the Secretary of any interests which could present or be perceived as presenting a conflict. An annual register of interests is taken.
- 5 Council members are expected to comply with the seven principles of Standards in Public Life, namely Selflessness; Integrity; Objectivity; Accountability; Openness; Honesty and Leadership. Although the Council aims to conduct its business so far as possible in an open manner, where particular items of business preclude this, members must respect the confidentiality of College business.

#### Stewardship

6 Members of Council have an overriding duty to act in the best interests of the College by ensuring that funds and property are used only in accordance with the College Act and Regulations, the Financial Memorandum between the College and the HEFCE and the College's charitable status. There is an obligation to act reasonably and this includes taking into account any guidance issued by such bodies as HEFCE, CUC, the National Audit Office, the Public Accounts Committee et al.

#### **Responsibilities of Council**

#### Strategy

7 Subject to consultation with the Academic Board on all matters with implications for academic policy or the terms and conditions of academic staff, to approve the mission and strategic vision of the College, long-term academic and business plans and key performance indicators, and to ensure that these meet the interests of the stakeholders and are compliant with the RHBNCA and the charitable objectives of the College.

#### Management

8 To delegate authority to the Principal, as Chief Executive, for the academic, corporate, financial, estate and personnel management of the College. To establish and keep under regular review the policies and procedures and limits within such management functions as shall be undertaken by and under the authority of the Principal.

#### Audit

To ensure the establishment and monitoring of systems of control and accountability, including financial and operational controls and risk assessment, and procedures for handling internal grievances and for managing conflicts of interest.

#### **Monitoring and Evaluation**

10 To ensure processes are in place to monitor and evaluate the performance and effectiveness of the College against the plans and approved key performance indicators, which should be, where possible and appropriate, benchmarked against other comparable institutions.

#### **Self Evaluation**

11 To establish processes to monitor and evaluate the performance and effectiveness of the Council itself.

#### **Best Practice**

12 To conduct its business in accordance with best practice in higher education corporate governance and the principles of public life drawn up from the Committee on Standards in Public Life.

(continued)

#### Reputation

13 To safeguard the good name and value of the College.

#### **Chief Executive**

14 To appoint the Principal as chief executive, and to put in place suitable arrangements for monitoring his/her performance.

#### Secretary

15 To appoint a secretary to the Council and to ensure that, if the person appointed has managerial responsibilities in the College, there is an appropriate separation in the lines of accountability.

#### **Employer**

16 To be the employing authority of the College and to be responsible for establishing a personnel strategy and overall superannuation policy.

#### **Health & Safety**

17 To have ultimate responsibility for the health and safety of all staff, students and visitors (including the general public) on campus and its immediate environs.

#### **Equal Opportunities**

18 To ensure that all the business of the College is conducted without discriminating against any member of staff, student or visitor on grounds of race, ethnicity, religion, sex, sexual orientation, marital or parental status, national origin, age or disability.

#### **Finance**

19 To be the principal financial and business authority of the College, to ensure that proper books of accounts are kept, to approve the annual budget and financial statements and to have overall responsibility for the College's assets, property and estate and investment policy.

#### Legal

20 To be the College's legal authority and, as such, to ensure that systems are in place for meeting all the College's legal obligations, including those arising from contracts and other legal commitments made in the College's name.

#### Students

- 21 To make such provision as it thinks fit for the general welfare of students, in consultation with the Academic Board.
- 22 To review and approve the constitution of the Students' Union at least every five years and to monitor its financial position.

23 Under Section 20 of the RHBNCA, to terminate the registration of students on non-academic grounds or to take disciplinary action, where appropriate, against students for severe breaches of disciplinary regulations. The power to terminate a registration on academic grounds rests with the Academic Board.

#### **Trustees**

24 To act as trustee for any property, legal endowment, bequest or gift, such as the Picture Collection, the Founder's Endowment Fund, the Bedford Entrance Scholarships and a number of other small charitable funds, in support of the work and welfare of the College.

#### Governance

25 To ensure that the College's constitution is followed at all times and that appropriate advice is available to enable this to happen.

#### **Financial Statements and Accounting Records**

The Council is responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the College and enable it to ensure that the financial statements are prepared in accordance with the College's Statutes, the Statement of Recommended Practice on Accounting in Higher Education Institutions and UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (UK GAAP). In addition, within the terms and conditions of the Financial Memorandum agreed between the Higher Education Funding Council for England, "the Funding Council" and the Council of the College, the Council through its designated office holder, is required to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view, in accordance with UK GAAP, of the state of affairs of the College and of the surplus or deficit and cash flows for that year.

In causing the financial statements to be prepared, the Council has ensured that:-

- suitable accounting policies are selected and applied consistently;
- judgements and estimates are made that are reasonable and prudent;
- applicable UK accounting standards have been followed; and
- financial statements are prepared on the going concern basis. The Council is satisfied that the College has adequate resources to continue in operation for the foreseeable future. For this reason the going concern basis continues to be adopted in the preparation of the financial statements.

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The Council has taken reasonable steps to:-

- ensure that funds from the Higher Education Funding Council for England are used only for purposes for which they have been given and in accordance with the Financial Memorandum with the Funding Council and any other conditions which the Funding Council may from time to time prescribe;
- ensure management controls are in place to safeguard public funds and funds from other sources;
- safeguard the assets of the College and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities;
- secure the economical, efficient and effective management of the College's resources and expenditure.

The key elements of the College system of internal financial control, which are designed to discharge the responsibilities set out above, include the following:-

- clear definitions of the responsibilities of, and the authority delegated to, heads of academic and administrative departments;
- a comprehensive medium and short-term planning process, supplemented by income and expenditure, capital and cash flow budgets;
- regular reviews of academic performance and monthly reviews of financial results involving variance reporting and updates of forecast outturns;
- clearly defined and formalised requirements for the approval and control of expenditure, with major investment decisions being subject to detailed appraisal and review;
- comprehensive Financial Regulations, detailing financial controls and procedures, approved by the Finance Committee and the Council; and
- a professional Internal Auditor whose annual programme of work is approved by the Audit and Compliance Committee.

All of the current council members have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any information needed by the College's auditors for the purposes of their audit and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information. The council members are not aware of any relevant audit information of which the auditors are unaware.

### (continued)

#### Membership

During the period from 1 August 2013 and up to the date of the signing of the Financial Statements, the Council had the following membership:

#### **Lay Members**

Mr Paul Blagbrough

Mr Stephen Cox (Chair of Council)

Mr Gurpreet Dehal

Ms Ann Ewing (from 1 July 2014)

Mrs Christine Goodyear

Mr Majid Hawa

Mrs Margaret Jack

Ms Sarah King (from 1 July 2014)

Mr Jeremy McIlroy (Chair of Finance Committee)

Mr Mark Newlands

Mr Gerry O'Hagan (from 1 July 2014)

Mr Nick Perryman (from 25 March 2014)

Mr Iain Ross (Vice Chair of Council)

Ms Chris Shoukry

Mr David Spence (Chair of Audit and Compliance Committee)

Ms Sarah Tyacke (to 31 December 2013)

Ms Colette Wilson

#### **Elected staff members**

Professor Clare Bradley (to 30 September 2014)

Mr John Brannan

Mr Dave Cobb (from 1 January 2014)

Professor David Gilbert (from 1 October 2013)

Ms Sarah Moffat (from 1 October 2013)

Professor Elizabeth Schafer (from 1 October 2014)

Professor Anne Sheppard

#### **Elected student members**

Mr Alex Cadier (2013/14 academic year) Ms Gillian Craig (2014/15 academic year)

#### Ex officio members

Professor Paul Layzell, Principal

Mr Amarbeer Singh-Gill, President Students' Union

(2013/2014 academic year)

Ms Emma Peagam, President Students' Union

(2014/2015 academic year)

#### Membership of Committees

#### **Audit and Compliance Committee**

#### Chair

Mr David Spence

#### Other Members

Mr Majid Hawa (from 18 November 2013)

Mr Mark Newlands

Ms Colette Wilson

#### **Council Executive**

#### Chair

Mr Stephen Cox

#### Ex officio

Mr Iain Ross

Mr Jeremy McIlroy

Mr David Spence Professor Paul Layzell

#### Other members

Mrs Margaret Jack

Ms Sarah Tyacke (to 31 December 2013)

Ms Colette Wilson (from 14 March 2014)

#### From 2 October 2103 (subsequent to merger with

#### Nominations Committee)

Faculty Dean in attendance for business relating to Honorary Awards

#### **Equality & Diversity Committee**

#### Chair

Mrs Christine Goodyear (from 18 November 2013)

#### Members

Mr Majid Hawa

Professor Katie Normington

Mr Simon Higman

Mrs Cheryl Newsome

#### Finance Committee

Mr Jeremy McIlroy

#### Ex Officio

Mr Iain Ross

Professor Paul Layzell

Professor Rob Kemp

Mr Simon Higman

Mr Graeme Robinson

#### Other Members

Mr Paul Blagbrough

Mr Gurpreet Dehal

Mrs Margaret Jack

Mr Nick Perryman (from 12 June 2014)

#### **Health & Safety Assurance Committee**

Ms Chris Shoukry

#### Other members

Mr Mark Newlands

Mr Gurpreet Dehal

Mrs Margaret Jack (to 31 July 2014)

#### Nominations Committee to 2 October 2013 (Merged with Council Executive from that date)

#### Chair

Mr Stephen Cox

#### Ex Officio

Professor Paul Layzell

Mr Iain Ross

Mr Simon Higman

One Faculty Dean

#### Other Members

Mrs Sarah Tvacke

Mr Paul Blagbrough

#### Remuneration Committee

#### Chair

Mr Stephen Cox

#### Ex Officio

Mr Iain Ross

Professor Paul Layzell

Mr Simon Higman

#### Other Members

Mrs Margaret Jack

Mrs Christine Goodyear (from 26 June 2014)

Ms Sarah Tyacke (to 31 December 2013)

### Corporate Governance

The governing body of the College is the Council. The Council has a Chairman and Vice-Chairman, who are not members of staff or students. The Principal, who is the chief academic and administrative officer of the College, is appointed by the Council.

The Council ensures that the College is governed in accordance with the Royal Holloway & Bedford New College Act 1985, its Statutes and Regulations, and under the terms of the Financial Memorandum with the Higher Education Funding Council for England 'HEFCE'. The Council's role is to set the strategic direction of the College and, through the receipt of reports from its committees and officers, to be assured that its day to day operation is proceeding satisfactorily.

The Council has responsibility for maintaining and reviewing an effective system of internal control and for supporting the achievement of the College's policies, aims and objectives, while safeguarding the public funds and other assets for which it is responsible. The system of internal control is designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of not achieving policies, aims and objectives; it can, therefore, only provide a reasonable and not absolute assurance of effectiveness.

The system of internal control is based on an ongoing process designed to identify the principal risks to the achievement of policies, aims and objectives; to evaluate the nature and extent of those risks; and to manage them efficiently, effectively and economically. This process has been in place for the year ended 31 July 2014 and up to the date of approval of the financial statements, and accords with HEFCE guidelines. The process is reviewed by the College Executive Committee and the Audit and Compliance Committee, which reports directly to the Council.

The College's strategy for the management of major business risks has been approved by the Council. A group of senior officers has analysed the risks facing the College, and has developed a system of key risk indicators. The principal risks are examined in more detail and reviewed three times a year by the College Executive Committee and regular reports are made to the Audit and Compliance Committee. Risk management is considered within the corporate planning and decision-making processes of the College. A departmental risk assessment procedure and a major incident management plan have been developed, and an organisation-wide risk register is maintained.

The Council meets four times a year. Its major committees are now the Council Executive Committee, the Finance Committee, the Equality and Diversity Committee, the Audit and Compliance Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Health and Safety Assurance Committee. All of these committees are formally constituted, with terms of reference, and include lay members of Council. The constitution of the Finance Committee is determined by Statute, and stipulates that the Committee has a majority of lay members. Lay members chair all these committees.

The Finance Committee, inter alia, recommends to Council the annual revenue and capital budgets and monitors performance in relation to the approved budgets.

The Council Executive Committee is responsible for strategic development, it appoints the members of the principal committees, and oversees the Council's effectiveness. It also makes nominations to Council for the conferral of honorary degrees and fellowships. Since 2 October 2013 the Council Executive Committee has incorporated the responsibilities of the former Nominations and Honorary Awards Committee and puts forward recommendations to the Council for appointed members of the Council, and recommends to Council the appointment of the Chairman and Vice-Chairman of the Council.

The Remuneration Committee determines the remuneration, terms and conditions of employment of the Principal and College Secretary. It is responsible for recommending the College's pay strategy to Council and for oversight of the College's various pay related policies.

The Equality and Diversity Committee provides assurance to Council on all issues relating to equality excluding pay.

The Health and Safety Assurance Committee was formally established as a Council Committee during 2013. Its purpose is to satisfy itself that the College is managing all activities in accordance with its responsibilities in respect of health and safety of staff, students and any other persons who could be affected by such activities.

The Audit and Compliance Committee normally meets three times each year, including a meeting with the External Auditors to discuss audit findings, and with the Internal Auditor to consider detailed internal audit reports and recommendations for the improvement of systems of internal control, together with management's response and implementation plans. It also receives and considers reports from HEFCE as they affect the College's business and monitors adherence with the regulatory requirements. It reviews the annual financial statements together with the accounting policies.

Whilst senior officers attend meetings of the Audit and Compliance Committee as necessary, they are not members of the Committee, and the Committee has the opportunity to meet with the External Auditors on their own for separate discussions.

The College has an Internal Audit service, which operates to standards defined in the HEFCE Code of Practice. The Internal Auditor submits regular reports to the Audit and Compliance Committee and makes an annual report to HEFCE. The reports to the Audit and Compliance Committee include the Internal Auditor's opinion on the adequacy and effectiveness of the system of internal control, together with recommendations for improvement. From 2013-14 Deloitte LLP has been appointed as Internal Auditor, following a full tender process.

# Corporate Governance

(continued)

The Council's view of the effectiveness of the system of internal control is informed by the work of the Internal Auditor and the managers within the College who have responsibility for the development and maintenance of the internal control framework, and by comments made by the External Auditors in their management letter and in other reports.

During the year, a review of governance and the effectiveness of Council has been underway. A number of recommendations to improve the effectiveness of Council have been agreed and work is continuing to review governance arrangements.

The Council has welcomed advice from the Committee on Standards in Public Life (the Neill Committee) and the Committee of University Chairmen on Corporate Governance, and has implemented the good practice recommendations of both bodies.

Stephen Cox Chair of Council 18 November 2014

# Independent Auditor's Report to the Council of Royal Holloway and Bedford New College

We have audited the financial statements of Royal Holloway and Bedford New College for the year ended 31 July 2014 which comprise the Consolidated Income and Expenditure Account, Consolidated Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses, the Balance Sheets for the Group and the College, the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the Council, as a body, in accordance with the Charter and Statutes of the College. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the College Council those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the College and the College Council as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

#### Respective Responsibilities of the Council and Auditors

As explained more fully in the statement of responsibilities of the Council, the members of the Council are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view.

Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law, regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) and the Audit Code of Practice issued by the Higher Education Funding Council for England. Those standards require us to comply with the Financial Reporting Council's (FRC's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

#### Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the FRC's website at www.frc.org.uk/ auditscopeukprivate.

In addition, we also report to you whether income from funding bodies, grants and income for specific purposes and from other restricted funds administered by the College have been properly applied only for the purposes for which they were received and whether income has been applied in accordance with the Statutes and, where appropriate, with the Financial Memorandum with the Higher Education Funding Council for England.

#### **Opinion on the financial statements**

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Group's and the College's affairs as at 31 July 2014 and of the Group's income and expenditure for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Statement of Recommended Practice: "Accounting for Further and Higher Education Institutions".

#### Opinion on other matters required by the Higher Education Funding Council for England Audit Code of Practice

In our opinion, in all material respects:

- income has been applied in accordance with the College's statutes and where appropriate with the applicable Financial Memorandum with the Higher Education Funding Council for England.
- funds from whatever source administered by the institution for specific purposes have been properly applied to those purposes and, if relevant, managed in accordance with relevant legislation.
- funds provided by HEFCE have been applied in accordance with the Financial Memorandum and any other terms and conditions attached to them.

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matter where the Higher Education Funding Council for England Audit Code of Practice requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

 the statement of Internal Control (included as part of the Corporate Governance Statement) is inconsistent with our knowledge of the Group and the College.

#### BDO LLP

Statutory Auditor Gatwick United Kingdom

20 November 2014

BDO LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales (with registered number OC305127).

# Consolidated Income and Expenditure Account

For the year ended 31 July 2014

	Note	2013/14	2012/13
	_	£000	£000
Income			Restated
Funding body grants	2	27,333	33,052
Tuition fees and education contracts	3	77,003	64,121
Research grants and contracts	4	15,136	14,274
Other income	5	27,134	28,716
Endowment and investment income	6	1,657	1,817
Total income	_	148,263	141,980
	_		
Expenditure			
Staff costs	7	78,871	76,989
Other operating expenses	8	47,441	45,866
Depreciation	11	12,057	10,996
Interest and other finance costs	9	2,129	2,165
Total expenditure	_	140,498	136,016
Surplus on continuing operations after depreciation of tangible fixed assets at valuation before taxation	22	7,765	5,964
Taxation	10 _	(4)	(4)
Surplus on continuing operations after depreciation of assets at valuation and taxation		7,761	5,960
Transfer to accumulated income within endowment funds	17	(1)	(31)
Surplus for the year retained within general reserves	19	7,760	5,929
	_		

The income and expenditure account is in respect of continuing activities

Tuition fees and education contracts income in 2012-13 has been restated to include £1,901k of Research Council doctoral training grants previously classified as research grants and contracts income.

The notes on pages 21-40 form part of the financial statements

# Consolidated Statement of Historical Cost Surpluses and Deficits

For the Year Ended 31 July 2014

		2013/14	2012/13
	_	£000	£000
Surplus on continuing operations before taxation		7,765	5,964
Difference between historical cost depreciation and the actual charge for the period calculated on the revalued amount	18	318	319
Historical cost surplus before taxation		8,083	6,283
Taxation	10	(4)	(4)
Historical cost surplus for the period after taxation		8,079	6,279

# Consolidated Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses

For the year ended 31 July 2014

	Note	2013/14	2012/13
	_	£000	£000
Surplus on continuing operations after depreciation of tangible fixed assets at valuation		7,761	5,960
Appreciation of endowment asset investments	17	710	3,937
Impairment of endowment asset investments - The Picture Collection	17	(631)	-
New endowments	17	1	29
Management fees	17	(91)	(112)
Total Recognised Gains Related to the Year	_	7,750	9,814
Reconciliation to the Movement of Reserves and Endowments			
Opening reserves and endowments		170,517	160,703
Total recognised gains for the year		7,750	9,814
Closing reserves and endowments	_	178,267	170,517

# Consolidated and College Balance Sheets

As at 31 July 2014

		Consolidated		Colle	ge
	Note	2014	2013	2014	2013
		£000	£000	£000	£000
Fixed Assets					
Tangible assets	11	136,275	138,016	136,275	138,016
Endowment Assets	12	73,620	73,630	73,620	73,630
Current Assets					
Stocks and stores		310	282	310	282
Debtors	13	11,837	9,426	11,882	9,515
Investments	21	39,976	31,000	39,976	31,000
Cash at bank and in hand	25	23,293	26,736	23,058	26,516
		75,416	67,444	75,226	67,313
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	14	(38,015)	(33,831)	(37,915)	(33,774)
Net Current Assets		37,401	33,613	37,311	33,539
Total Assets less Current Liabilities		247,296	245,259	247,206	245,185
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due after more than One Year	15	(46,967)	(50,556)	(46,967)	(50,556)
Net Assets		200,329	194,703	200,239	194,629

# Consolidated and College Balance Sheets

(continued)

		Consolidated		Consolidated College		ege
	Note	2014	2013	2014	2013	
		£000	£000	£000	£000	
Deferred Capital Grants	16	22,062	24,186	22,062	24,186	
Endowments						
Permanent	17	73,375	73,377	73,375	73,377	
Expendable	17	245	253	245	253	
		73,620	73,630	73,620	73,630	
Reserves						
Revaluation reserve	18	24,614	24,932	24,614	24,932	
General reserve	19	80,033	71,955	79,943	71,881	
		104,647	96,887	104,557	96,813	
Total		200,329	194,703	200,239	194,629	

The financial statements on pages 16 to 40 were approved and authorised for issue by Council on 18 November 2014 and signed by

Mr Stephen Cox Chairman of Council Professor P Layzell Principal

# Consolidated Cash Flow Statement

For the year ended 31 July 2014

	Note	2013/14	2012/13
	_	£000	£000
Cash flow from Continuing Operating Activities	22	18,601	11,188
Returns on investments and servicing of finance	23	(472)	(348)
Taxation	10	(4)	(4)
Capital expenditure and financial investment	24	(10,168)	(10,941)
Cash inflow/(outflow) before financing and management of liquid resources		7,957	(105)
Financing:			
Capital repayments	25	(3,523)	(2,773)
Management of liquid resources:			
Movement on placing of investment deposits	25	(8,976)	(17,000)
Decrease in cash in the period	25 _	(4,542)	(19,878)
Reconciliation of Net Cash Flow to Movement in Net Debt			
Decrease in cash in the period		(4,542)	(19,878)
Cash outflow from movement in debt financing		3,523	2,773
Cash outflow from management of liquid resources	_	8,976	17,000
Increase/(decrease) in net debt in period	25	7,957	(105)
Net debt at 1 August	25	6,006	6,111
Net debt at 31 July	25	13,963	6,006

#### 1 Statement of Principal Accounting Policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the financial statements.

#### 1 Accounting Convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of endowment asset investments and land and buildings, and in accordance with both the Statement of Recommended Practice: Accounting for Further and Higher Education Institutions July 2007 (SORP) and applicable United Kingdom accounting standards.

#### 2 Basis of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements consolidate the financial statements of the College, its subsidiary undertaking Royal Holloway Enterprise Ltd for the financial year to 31 July 2014.

#### 3 Recognition of Income

Income from specific donations, HEFCE grants for specific purposes, research grants, contracts and other services rendered is included to the extent of the expenditure incurred during the year, together with any related contributions towards overhead costs.

All income from short-term deposits of unrestricted funds, the Founder's Endowment Fund and other endowment asset investments is credited to the income and expenditure account on a receivable basis.

Income from permanent endowments not expended in accordance with the restrictions of the endowment is transferred from the income and expenditure account to permanent endowments.

General donations are credited to the income and expenditure and are ring-fenced within the income and expenditure account reserve until they are spent.

#### 4 Pension Schemes

The two principal pension schemes for the College's staff are the Universities' Superannuation Scheme (USS) and the Superannuation Arrangements of the University of London Scheme (SAUL). USS and SAUL are multiemployer schemes for which there is an inability to separately identify the College's share of the underlying assets and liabilities. Therefore, as required by FRS 17 'Retirement Benefits', the employer contributions are charged directly to the Statement of Financial Activities as if the schemes were defined contribution schemes.

#### 5 Foreign Currencies

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are recorded at the rates of exchange ruling at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at yearend rates. The resulting exchange differences are dealt with in the determination of income and expenditure for the financial year.

#### 6 Land and Buildings

Land and Buildings were revalued on 31 July 1995 and are stated at valuation in the accounts, except for work in progress and buildings completed after that date which are stated at cost. The basis of valuation is open market value for the existing use and the valuation, on 31 July 1995, was carried out by Hillier Parker, Chartered Surveyors. The College has adopted the provisions of FRS15 not to update the valuation of land and buildings carried forward at the date of implementation of FRS15.

With the exception of land at Huntersdale which is held on a lease which expires in 2041, land is held freehold and is not depreciated as it is considered to have an indefinite useful life

Buildings are depreciated over their expected useful lives and leasehold land over the life of the lease, usually fifty years.

For student residences where a cyclical refurbishment programme is in place, the original costs of the components are depreciated over their useful lives of five to twelve years, as appropriate, and the refurbishment spend is capitalised and depreciated in the same way. Services are depreciated over twenty years and temporary buildings or minor works over ten years.

Works on the estate costing £10,000 or more are capitalised if the work creates or enhances an existing asset, or improves or substantially overhauls an asset in accordance with FRS15. The costs are depreciated over the appropriate period as described elsewhere within the Accounting Policies except those relating to painting and roof replacement which are depreciated over five and twenty five years respectively.

Interest costs incurred during the construction period of new buildings are included in the capitalised cost of the asset to which they relate.

Specific grants received for the acquisition of buildings are treated as deferred capital grants and released to income over the expected useful lives of the buildings.

(continued)

#### 7 Depreciation of Equipment, Furniture and Fittings

Equipment, including computers and software, costing less than £10,000 per separable item or group of related items is written off in the year of acquisition. All other equipment is capitalised. Capitalised equipment is stated at cost and depreciated over its expected useful life of five years.

Furniture and fittings are written off in the year of acquisition, except the costs of furniture and fittings for a new building or major refurbishment which are capitalised and depreciated over the expected lifetime of the asset, usually ten years.

Where equipment or furniture and fittings are acquired with the aid of specific grants they are capitalised and depreciated as above. The related grant is treated as a deferred capital grant and is released to income over the expected useful life of the asset (this is the period of the grant for specific research projects).

#### 8 Interest Rate Swaps

The College, in the course of its business, enters into interest rate swap contracts to reduce its exposure to fluctuations in interest rates on borrowings. The amounts receivable and payable on these swaps are included in the income and expenditure account so as to match the interest payable on the borrowing.

#### 9 Picture Collection

The College houses a collection of paintings gifted by Thomas Holloway, the founder of Royal Holloway College.

The pictures are included in the balance sheet with the other endowment assets. An interim valuation was carried out by a professional valuer in 2014. A professional valuation will continue to be carried out at least once every five years in accordance with FRS15, with an update in year three, also performed by a qualified valuer. The valuation is assessed on the basis of high auction value.

Three pictures from the collection were sold between 1993 and 1995, and the proceeds used to create the Founder's Endowment Fund under a scheme approved by the Charity Commission. The endowment fund, which is held in a separate trust, is included within 'Permanent Endowments' in the balance sheet. The use of these assets other than as provided in the scheme is subject to the prior approval of the Charity Commission.

Income from the Fund is credited to the Income and Expenditure Account on a receivable basis. Income is applied in accordance with the purposes of the Scheme; any unapplied income is disclosed as a restricted reserve.

#### 10 Investments

Endowment asset investments are included in the balance sheet at market value. Cash balances on deposit, which cannot be withdrawn without notice, are shown as current asset investments, if the maturity date is within one year, and as fixed asset investments for maturity dates greater than one year.

#### 11 Stocks

Stocks are stores of catering supplies, bar supplies and other items held by Residence and Catering Services, stores held by the Estate's department and central stores of stationery and computer supplies. They are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

#### **12 Taxation Status**

Royal Holloway is an exempt charity within the meaning of Schedule 2 of the Charities Act 2011 and as such is a charity within the meaning of Section 467 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010. Accordingly, the College is potentially exempt from taxation in respect of income or capital gains received within categories covered by parts two and three of part 11 Corporation Tax Act 2010 or Section 256 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992 to the extent that such income or gains are applied to exclusively charitable purposes. The College receives no similar exemption in respect of Value Added Tax.

Royal Holloway Enterprise Limited gift aids the majority of its profits to the College, and any profits that are retained are subject to UK Corporation Tax which is provided at the amount expected to be paid using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted at the balance sheet date.

(continued)

		2013/14	2012/13
		£000	£000
2	Funding Body Grants		
	Recurrent grant		
	Teaching	9,912	15,400
	Research	13,514	13,392
		23,426	28,792
	Specific grants	804	936
	Deferred capital grants released in year:		
	Buildings (note 16)	2,009	2,251
	Equipment (note 16)	1,094	1,073
		27,333	33,052
	Royal Holloway is funded by the Higher Education Funding Council for England.		
3	Tuition Fees and Education Contracts		Restated
	Full-time students charged home and EU fees	42,363	34,231
	Full-time students charged overseas fees	26,883	23,796
	Part-time students	977	937
	Research training support grants	2,728	2,140
	Short course and other fees	4,052	3,017
		77,003	64,121
	Research training support grants income in 2012-13 has been restated from £239k to £ include £1,901k of Research Council doctoral training grants reclassified from Research and Contracts.		
4	Research Grants and Contracts		Restated
	Research Council grants	6,660	5,893
	Other grants and contracts	8,476	8,381
		15,136	14,274

Research Council grants income in 2012-13 has been restated from £7,794k to £5,893k to exclude £1,901k of Research Council doctoral training grants reclassified as Tuition Fees and Education Contracts. The income includes deferred capital grants released of £190k (note 16) (2012/13 £126k).

(continued)

		2013/14	2012/13
		£000	£000
5	Other Income		
	Residences, catering and conferences	22,239	22,906
	Other services rendered	1,142	926
	Released from deferred capital grants (note 16)	61	56
	Other income	3,692	4,828
		27,134	28,716
6	Endowment and Investment Income		
	Income from permanent endowment asset investments	1,199	1,274
	Income from expendable endowment asset investments	85	8
	Total income from endowments (note 17)	1,284	1,282
	Other interest receivable	373	535
		1,657	1,817

(continued)

		2013/14	2012/13
7	Staff Costs	£000	£000
Staf	f costs:		
	Wages and salaries	60,984	59,647
	Social security costs	5,135	5,238
	Other pension costs (note 26)	12,752	12,104
		78,871	76,989
Emo	luments of the Principal		
	Including benefits in kind		
	Remuneration	274	271
	College pension contributions	-	-
	Total emoluments	274	271
Rem	uneration of other Higher Paid Staff, excluding employer's pension contributions:	Number	Number
	£100,000 - £109,999	10	10
	£110,000 - £119,999	6	7
	£120,000 - £129,999	4	3
	£130,000 - £139,999	2	2
	£140,000 - £149,999	1	1
	£150,000 - £159,999	2	2

Employees are able to opt for a reduced contractual salary, with the College then making the pension contribution, formerly paid by the employee, as additional employer's contributions. Staff Costs reflect the reduced contractual salary and increased employer contribution of £3,792k (2012/13 £3,631k) in total, as applicable. The Emoluments of the Principal and Remuneration of Other Higher Paid Staff are shown prior to any salary sacrifice; the 2012-13 figures have been restated to provide an equivalent comparative.

	Number	Number
Average staff numbers by major category		
Academic, research and other related grades	675	653
Technical	65	62
Administrative and other	524	509
Manual and ancillary	109	111
College	1,373	1,335

The analysis of staff numbers is in full time equivalents, and is analysed by reference to pay groups. Casual and visiting teaching staff are excluded.

#### **Compensation Payments for loss of office**

Staff Costs include staff restructuring costs of £179k ( 2012/13 £559k) paid or accrued as compensation for loss of office, of which £nil (2012/13£137k) relates to higher paid employees.

The cost is financed from general College resources.

(continued)

	2013/14	2012/13
	£000	£000
8 Other Operating Expenses		
Staff related expenditure	4,227	4,382
Books, periodicals and other library costs	2,404	1,903
Student maintenance, awards and facilities	13,287	11,905
General educational	2,306	2,381
Federal costs	773	837
Heat, light, power and water	3,093	3,132
Other premises related costs	6,132	6,471
Auditors' remuneration - audit fees	65	56
Auditors' remuneration in respect of other services	3	3
Residence and catering direct costs of sale and related costs	2,696	2,689
Other expenses	12,455	12,107
Total other operating expenses before taxation	47,441	45,866

#### **Payments to Trustees**

Council members (the trustees) received no payment for acting as trustees in 2013/14 and no such payment was made in prior years. In 2013/14 expenses of £2k (2012/13 £2k) were paid to 6 (2012/13 - 4) non-staff trustees for travel, subsistence and business entertaining.

#### 9 Interest and Other Finance Costs

	Loans wholly repayable within five years	17	17
	Loans not wholly repayable within five years	2,112	2,148
		2,129	2,165
	Interest payable includes £1,679k paid on interest rate swaps (2012/13 £1,675k).		
10	Taxation		
	UK Corporation Tax	4	4

Royal Holloway Enterprise Ltd gift aids taxable profits to the College. The tax charge is a provision for Corporation Tax on the retained taxable profits of the subsidiary.

As explained in the accounting policies, the College is potentially exempt from taxation because of its charitable status and no taxation on income or capital gains is payable for 2013/14 or 2012/13.

(continued)

Т	angible Assets			Consolidated	and College		
		Land & Buildings Freehold	Short Leases	Furniture & Fittings	Equipment	Assets in Course of Construction	Total
	_	£000	£000	£000	£000		£000
Α	nt 1 August 2013						
,	Valuation	60,170	1,800	795	-		62,765
(	Cost	126,652	2,927	18,478	23,858		171,915
	-	186,822	4,727	19,273	23,858	-	234,680
Α	Additions at cost	5,530	_	1,013	2,656	1,107	10,306
D	Disposals		_	-	(26)	-	(26)
	Disposals - write off of assets no onger utilised	(12,888)	(179)	(4,311)	(12,560)	-	(29,938)
Α	- ht 31 July 2014						
,	Valuation	60,170	1,800	795	-	-	62,765
(	Cost	119,294	2,748	15,180	13,928	1,107	152,257
	_	179,464	4,548	15,975	13,928	1,107	215,022
	Depreciation at 1 August 2013	66,056	1,737	10,783	18,088		96,664
C	Charge for year (see note below)	7,581	217	1,462	2,304		11,564
Ir	mpairment losses	395	-	98	-		493
	_	7,976	217	1,560	2,304	-	12,057
E	liminated on disposals		-	-	(18)		(18)
	liminated on write off of assets no onger utilised	(12,906)	(179)	(4,311)	(12,560)		(29,956)
Α	nt 31 July 2014	61,126	1,775	8,032	7,814	_	78,747
	let Book Value at 31 July 2014	118,338	2,773	7,943	6,114	1,107	136,275
Α	at 1 August 2013	120,766	2,990	8,490	5,770		138,016
	Historical Net Book Value At 31 July 2014	94,711	1,786	7,943	6,114	1,107	111,661
Α	at 1 August 2013	96,856	1,968	8,490	5,770		113,084
Т	– he depreciation charge has been fund	ded by	-			-	
	Deferred capital grants released (note						3,354
	Revaluation reserve released (note 18)	•					318
G	General income						7,892
						-	11,564

At 31 July 2014 freehold land and buildings at cost included £1,320k of capitalised finance costs (2013 £1,320k).

**Heritage Assets** The College does not have any material heritage assets to disclose as tangible assets. The College's Picture Collection which is displayed in the Picture Gallery contributes to the appeal of the venue for functions and tours. The Collection was left to the College by its Founder, Thomas Holloway, and is disclosed as an endowment asset (note 12).

(continued)

#### 12 Endowment Assets

	Consolidated and College	
	2014	2013
	£000	£000
Balance at 1 August	73,630	69,745
Additions and income	27,965	8,931
Disposals and expenditure	(28,054)	(8,983)
Appreciation of investments (note 17)	710	3,937
Impairment on revaluation of Picture Collection (note 17)	(631)	_
Balance at 31 July	73,620	73,630
Represented by:		
Fixed interest at valuation	6,312	13,605
Equities at valuation	37,608	28,595
Fixed interest and equities	43,920	42,200
Cash and Bank balances	1,076	2,175
Total Investments (note 17)	44,996	44,375
Picture Collection (see note below and note 17)	28,624	29,255
Balance at 31 July	73,620	73,630
Fixed interest and equities at cost	41,551	36,668

An interim revaluation of the Picture Gallery Collection at 31 July 2014 was provided on a high auction basis (excluding costs) by Christie's.

(continued)

		Consolidated		College	
		2014	2013	2014	2013
		£000	£000	£000	£000
13	Debtors				
	Trade debtors	3,669	2,488	3,549	2,392
	Amounts owed by subsidiary undertaking	-	_	165	185
	Other debtors	16	63	16	63
	Prepayments and accrued income	8,152	6,875	8,152	6,875
	_	11,837	9,426	11,882	9,515

#### 14 Creditors: Amounts Falling due within One Year Secured and unsecured loans 3,975 3,949 3,975 3,949 7,173 3,828 7,173 3,828 Payments received on account Other creditors 8,213 8,641 8,213 8,641 Social security, other taxation and 2,830 3,088 2,809 3,077 pension contributions payable 527 792 448 746 Accruals Deferred income 13,533 13,533 15,297 15,297 38,015 33,831 37,915 33,774

Unsecured loans include interest-free repayable grants totalling £427k from the Higher Education Council for England repayable within one year (2013 £427k)

(continued)

### 15 Creditors: Amounts Falling

Due After More than One Year

	Consolidated		College	:
	2014	2013	2014	2013
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Unsecured loans repayable after one year and within five years	6,584	6,933	6,584	6,933
Unsecured loans repayable after five years	20,643	21,941	20,643	21,941
Secured loans repayable after one year and within five years	6,962	7,350	6,962	7,350
Secured loans repayable after five years	12,218	13,732	12,218	13,732
	46,407	49,956	46,407	49,956
Deferred income	560	600	560	600
	46,967	50,556	46,967	50,556

Secured loans are secured by a first charge upon Highfield, Kingswood, Runnymede and Wedderburn and Gowar student residences.

Secured and unsecured loans over one year are repayable as follows:

After one year and within two years	3,593	3,635	3,593	3,635
After two years and within five years	9,953	10,648	9,953	10,648
After five years and within ten years	14,995	15,661	14,995	15,661
After ten years	17,866	20,012	17,866	20,012
	46,407	49,956	46,407	49,956

At the balance sheet date the College had committed to loan facilities totalling £53,905k which have been fully drawn down. The College had interest rate swaps to reduce its variable interest rate exposure on these loans to the following extent:

Terms:	Amount	Rate	Expiry
	£000	%	
Effective at the balance sheet date:			
	5,000	4.480	1 September 2026 (option for bank to terminate in 2016)
	5,000	4.820	1 September 2017
	5,000	4.820	1 September 2019
	5,000	4.650	1 September 2022
	10,000	4.820	1 December 2024
	5,000	4.550	1 September 2027
	5,000	4.880	1 September 2029
	40,000	-	

(continued)

#### 16 Deferred Capital Grants

	Consolidated and College				
	Funding Council	Other Grants and Benefactions	Total		
	£000	£000	£000		
At 1 August 2013	23,223	963	24,186		
Grants receivable	928	302	1,230		
Release to income and expenditure for year	(3,103)	(251)	(3,354)		
At 31 July 2014	21,048	1,014	22,062		

The release of Other Grants and Benefactions for the year was £190k to Research Grants and Contracts (note 4) and £61k to Other Income (note 5).

(continued)

#### 17 Endowments

	Consolidated and College			2014	2013	
	Unrestricted Permanent	Restricted Permanent	Total Permanent	Restricted Expendable	Total	Total
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
At 1 August 2013						
Capital	2,656	69,641	72,297	254	72,551	68,702
Accumulated income		1,075	1,075	4	1,079	1,043
	2,656	70,716	73,372	258	73,630	69,745
New endowments	-	1	1	-	1	29
Income for year (note 6)	85	1,193	1,278	6	1,284	1,282
Expenditure for year	(85)	(1,173)	(1,258)	(25)	(1,283)	(1,251)
	-	20	20	(19)	1	31
Appreciation of investments (note 12)	47	657	704	6	710	3,937
Impairment of the Picture Collection (note 12)		(631)	(631)	-	(631)	-
Management fees	-	(91)	(91)	-	(91)	(112)
At 31 July 2014	2,703	70,672	73,375	245	73,620	73,630
Represented by:						
Capital	2,703	69,577	72,280	260	72,540	72,556
Accumulated income		1,095	1,095	(15)	1,080	1,074
	2,703	70,672	73,375	245	73,620	73,630
Hilda Martindale Educational Trust	-	971	971	-	971	963
Other scholarship, prize and fellowship funds	-	6,306	6,306	245	6,551	6,447
Founder's Endowment Fund	-	34,771	34,771	-	34,771	34,309
Other funds	2,703		2,703		2,703	2,656
Total endowment asset investments (note 12)	2,703	42,048	44,751	245	44,996	44,375
Founder's Picture Collection (note 12)	-	28,624	28,624	-	28,624	29,255
	2,703	70,672	73,375	245	73,620	73,630

The income of £1,284k received in respect of restricted endowments was credited in full to the income and expenditure account; £1,283k was spent in the year (2012/13 £1,251k) and the unspent income of 1k (2012/13 £31k) was transferred to the funds.

(continued)

#### 17 Endowments (continued)

#### **Founders Endowment Fund**

In May 1992 the Charity Commissioners authorised the sale of certain pictures, the proceeds of which were to be administered and managed as a separate charity as the Founder's Endowment Fund (FEF). The income of the Fund is applied by College in the following order of priority:

- a maintenance, security and upkeep of the pictures and picture gallery of the College
- b in the maintenance and improvement of the original buildings and grounds of the College
- c in any other way which will further the general charitable purposes of the College for which provision is not made out of Government fund or by other usual University funding sources.

	£000
Balance brought forward	34,309
Income	994
Expenditure	(994)
Appreciation of investments	556
Management fees	(94)
Balance carried forward	34,771

#### 18 Revaluation Reserve

19

	Consolidated		College	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Revaluations				
At 1 August and 31 July	34,198	34,198	34,198	34,198
Contributions to depreciation				
At 1 August	(9,266)	(8,947)	(9,266)	(8,947)
Released in year (note 11 and 19)	(318)	(319)	(318)	(319)
Net revaluation amount				
At 1 August and 31 July	24,614	24,932	24,614	24,932
Movement on General Reserves				
Income and Expenditure Account Reserve				
At 1 August	71,955	65,707	71,881	65,647
Surplus for the year transferred to general reserves	7,760	5,929	7,744	5,915
Transfer from revaluation reserve (note 18)	318	319	318	319
Balance at 31 July	80,033	71,955	79,943	71,881

(continued)

#### 20 Capital Commitments

	Consolidated		College	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Commitments contracted at 31 July	1,178	1,639	1,178	1,639
Authorised but not contracted at 31 July	630	-	630	-
	1,808	1,639	1,808	1,639

The amounts contracted consist of £1,178k for the improvement of sports facilities.

#### 21 Investments

(i) Fixed Asset Investments			% of shares held by
Name	Country of Incorporation	Principal Activity	College & Group
Subsidiary Undertakings			
Royal Holloway Enterprise Ltd	Great Britain	Consultancy	100
Associates and Joint ventures			
SporeGen Ltd	Great Britain	Immunology	36
Reelives Limited	Great Britain	Internet	19
GPSeer Limited	Great Britain	Internet	19
Holloway Immunology Ltd changed	its name to SporeGen Limited	d on 19 December 2013	3.

Holloway Immunology Ltd changed its name to SporeGen Limited on 19 December 2013, during the year Royal Holloway's shareholding reduced from 51% to 36%. GPSeer Limited was incorporated on 31 January 2014.

The cost and net book value of Fixed Asset Investments are less than £1k.

(ii) Current Asset Investments	Consolidated		College	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Cash deposits maturing within the year (note 25)	39,976	31,000	39,976	31,000

(continued)

# 22 Reconciliation of Consolidated Operating Surplus to Net Consolidated Cash Inflow from Operating Activities

		2013/14	2012/13
		£000	£000
	Surplus before tax on continuing activities	7,765	5,964
	Depreciation (note 11)	11,564	10,996
	Impairment Losses (note 11)	493	-
	Deferred capital grants released to income (note 16)	(3,354)	(3,506)
	Deferred capital grants disposal (note 16)	(8)	-
	Loss on disposal of fixed assets (note 11)	8	-
	Gain on write off of assets no longer utilised (note 11)	(18)	-
	Endowment and Investment income (note 6)	(1,657)	(1,817)
	Interest payable (note 9)	2,129	2,165
	Increase in stocks	(28)	(32)
	Increase in debtors	(2,411)	(2,317)
	Increase/(decrease) in creditors (excluding loans)	4,118	(265)
		18,601	11,188
23	Returns on Investments and Servicing of Finance		
	Income from endowments (note 17)	1,284	1,282
	Other interest received (note 6)	373	535
	Interest paid (note 9)	(2,129)	(2,165)
		(472)	(348)
	No interest paid has been capitalised in the year (2012/13 nil).		
24	Capital Expenditure and Financial Investment		
24	Payments to acquire fixed assets (note 11)	(10.206)	(10.052)
		(10,306)	(10,952)
	Payments to acquire endowment asset investments:	(27.0(5)	(0.021)
	- Additions and income (note 12)	(27,965)	(8,931)
	- Cash outflow (note 12)	(1,099)	(1,436)
	Total payments to acquire fixed and endowment asset investments	(39,370)	(21,319)
	Receipts from sales of endowment asset investments (note 12)	28,054	8,983
	Deferred capital grants received (note 16)	1,238	1,478
	Endowments received (note 17)	1	29
	Management fees (note 17)	(91)	(112)
		(10,168)	(10,941)

(continued)

#### 25 Analysis of Changes in Net Debt

	At 1 August	Cash Flows	Other non	At 31 July
	2013		cash	2014
			changes	
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Endowment assets (note 12)	2,175	(1,099)	-	1,076
Cash at bank and in hand	26,736	(3,443)		23,293
	28,911	(4,542)	-	24,369
Debt due within one year (note 14)	(3,949)	3,523	(3,549)	(3,975)
Debt due after one year (note 15)	(49,956)	-	3,549	(46,407)
	(53,905)	3,523	-	(50,382)
Current asset investments (note 21)	31,000	8,976	-	39,976
	6,006	7,957		13,963

Balances at the bank, not relating to endowment assets, are held on a set-off arrangement against loans advanced by the College's bankers so that nominal loan interest is charged if these are matched by a current account balance. Balances in excess of this set-off are placed on deposit overnight or for longer periods to earn interest.

Current asset investments are interest-earning short-term cash deposits maturing with one year.

#### 26 Pension Schemes

The total pension cost for Royal Holloway and its subsidiary was:

	2013/14	2012/13
	£000	£000
Contributions to USS	11,210	10,674
Contributions to SAUL	1,503	1,392
Other pension contributions and costs	39	38
Total Pension Cost (note 7)	12,752	12,104

(continued)

The College participates in the Universities Superannuation Scheme (USS) and the Superannuation Arrangements of the University of London (SAUL), and has adopted FRS17 for accounting for pension costs. USS provides benefits based mainly on final pensionable salary for academic and related employees of UK universities and some other employees. SAUL provides similar benefits principally for other staff of the University of London. Both schemes have implemented a "career average" based section for new members: USS from October 2011 and SAUL from July 2012.

The College offers a pension salary sacrifice arrangement. Employees are able to opt for a reduced contractual salary, with the College then making the pension contribution, otherwise payable by the employee, as additional employer's contributions. The amount relating to salary sacrifice in 2013/14 was £3,792k (2012/13 £3,631k).

The schemes are defined benefit schemes which are externally funded and contracted out of the State Second Pension (S2P). The assets of the schemes are held in separate trustee-administered funds. Because of the mutual nature of the scheme, the schemes' assets are not hypothecated to individual institutions and a scheme-wide contribution rate is set. The institution is therefore exposed to actuarial risks associated with other institutions' employees and is unable to identify its share of the underlying assets and liabilities of the scheme on a consistent and reasonable basis and therefore, as required by FRS 17 "Retirement benefits", accounts for the schemes as if they were defined contribution schemes. As a result, the amount charged to the income and expenditure account represents the contributions payable to the scheme in respect of the accounting period.

The schemes are valued every three years by a professionally qualified independent actuary using the projected unit method, the rates of contribution being determined by the trustee on the advice of the actuary. In the intervening years, the actuary reviews the progress of the scheme.

#### USS

The latest triennial actuarial valuation of the scheme was at 31 March 2011. This was the second valuation for USS under the scheme-specific funding regime introduced by the Pensions Act 2004, which requires schemes to adopt a statutory funding objective, which is to have sufficient and appropriate assets to cover their technical provisions. The actuary also carries out regular reviews of the funding levels. In particular, he carries out a review of the funding level each year between triennial valuations and details of his estimate of the funding level at 31 March 2014 are also included in this note.

The triennial valuation was carried out using the projected unit method. The assumptions which have the most significant effect on the result of the valuation are those relating to the rate of return on investments (ie the valuation rate of interest), the rates of increase in salary and pensions and the assumed rates of mortality. The financial assumptions were derived from market yields prevailing at the valuation date. An "inflation risk premium" adjustment was also included by deducting 0.3% from the market-implied inflation on account of the historically high level of inflation implied by government bonds (particularly when compared to the Bank of England's target of 2% for CPI which corresponds broadly to 2.75% for RPI per annum).

To calculate the technical provisions, it was assumed that the valuation rate of interest would be 6.1% per annum, salary increases would be 4.4% per annum (with short-term general pay growth at 3.65% per annum and an additional allowance for increases in salaries due to age and promotion reflecting historic scheme experience, with a further cautionary reserve on top for past service liabilities) and pensions would increase by 3.4% per annum for 3 years following the valuation then 2.6% per annum thereafter

At the valuation date, the value of the assets of the scheme was £32,433.5 million and the value of the scheme's technical provisions was £35,343.7 million indicating a shortfall of £2,910.2 million. The assets therefore were sufficient to cover 92% of the benefits which had accrued to members after allowing for expected future increases in earnings.

The actuary also valued the scheme on a number of other bases as at the valuation date. On the scheme's historic gilts basis, using a valuation rate of interest in respect of past service liabilities of 4.4% per annum (the expected return on gilts) the funding level was approximately 68%. Under the Pension Protection Fund regulations introduced by the Pensions Act 2004 the Scheme was 93% funded; on a buy-out basis (ie assuming the Scheme had discontinued on the valuation date) the assets would have been approximately 57% of the amount necessary to secure all the USS benefits with an insurance company; and using the FRS17 formula as if USS were a single employer scheme, using a AA bond discount rate of 5.5% per annum based on spot yields, the actuary estimated that the funding level at 31 March 2011 was 82%.

As part of this valuation, the trustees have determined, after consultation with the employers, a recovery plan to pay off the shortfall by 31 March 2021. In 2011 the actuary estimated that if experience remained in line with the assumptions made, the shortfall at 31 March 2014 would be £2.2 billion, equivalent to a funding level of 95%.

#### (continued)

However, changes in market conditions between March 2011 and March 2014 have had an impact on scheme funding. The next formal triennial actuarial valuation will take place as at 31 March 2014, and work is currently underway to update the actuarial assumptions and allow for any adjustments to the overall funding approach adopted by the trustee board in consultation with stakeholders.

As work on the 2014 valuation is not yet complete the trustee cannot provide the final figure however, an estimate has been provided using the assumptions used to deliver the 2011 actuarial valuation. On that basis, the actuary has estimated that the funding level under the scheme specific funding regime will have fallen from 92% at 31 March 2011 to 85% at 31 March 2014. This estimate is based on the results from the valuation at 31 March 2011 allowing primarily for investment returns and changes to market conditions.

The funding level has decreased mainly due to a decrease in real gilt yields, reducing the implied net discount rate and therefore placing a higher value on the schemes liabilities. This increase has been partially offset by a higher than expected investment return

On the FRS17 basis, using an AA bond discount rate of 4.5% per annum based on spot yields, the actuary estimates that the funding level at 31 March 2014 was 75%. An estimate of the funding level measured on a historic gilts basis at that date was approximately 61%.

Surpluses or deficits which arise at future valuations may impact on the institution's future contribution commitment. A deficit may require additional funding in the form of higher contribution requirements, where a surplus could, perhaps, be used to similarly reduce contribution requirements.

The technical provisions relate essentially to the past service liabilities and funding levels, but it is also necessary to assess the ongoing cost of newly accruing benefits. The cost of future accrual was calculated using the same assumptions as those used to calculate the technical provisions but the allowance for promotional salary increases was not as high. Analysis has shown very variable levels of growth over and above general pay increases in recent years, and the salary growth assumption built into the cost of future accrual is based on more stable, historic, salary experience. However, when calculating the past service liabilities of the scheme, a cautionary reserve was included, in addition, on account of the variability mentioned above.

As at the 2011 valuation the scheme was still a fully Final Salary Scheme for future accruals and the prevailing employer contribution rate was 16% of Salaries.

Following UK government legislation, from 2011 statutory pension increases or revaluations are based on the Consumer Prices Index measure of price inflation. Historically these increases had been based on the Retail Prices Index measure of price inflation.

Since the valuation effective date of 31 March 2011 there have been a number of changes to the benefits provided by the scheme although these became effective from October 2011. These include:

#### **New Entrants**

Other than in specific, limited circumstances, new entrants are now provided on a Career Revalued Benefits (CRB) basis rather than a Final Salary (FS) basis.

#### Normal pension age

The Normal pension age was increased for future service and new entrants, to age 65.

#### Flexible Retirement

Flexible retirement options were introduced.

#### Member contributions increased

Contributions were uplifted to 7.5% p.a. and 6.5% p.a. for FS Section members and CRB Section members respectively.

#### Cost sharing

If the total contribution level exceeds 23.5% of Salaries per annum, the employers will pay 65% of the excess over 23.5% and members would pay the remaining 35% to the fund as additional contributions.

#### Pension increase cap

For service derived after 30 September 2011, USS will match increases in official pensions for the first 5%. If official pensions increase by more than 5% then USS will pay half of the difference up to a maximum increase of 10%.

USS is a "last man standing" scheme so that in the event of the insolvency of any of the participating employers in USS, the amount of any pension funding shortfall (which cannot otherwise be recovered) in respect of that employer will be spread across the remaining participant employers and reflected in the next actuarial valuation of the scheme.

At 31 March 2014, USS had over 162,000 active members and the College had 1,081 active members participating in the scheme.

The total USS pension cost for the College was £11,210k (2012/13 £10,674k). The contribution rate payable by the College was 16% of pensionable salaries.

(continued)

#### **SAUL**

The last available valuation was carried out as at 31 March 2011 using the projected unit credit method in which the actuarial liability makes allowance for projected earnings.

The main assumptions used to assess the technical provisions were:

Discount rate

pre-retirement 6.80% pa post-retirement 4.70% pa

General Salary Increases 3.75% pa until 31 March 2014,

(an additional allowance is made for

promotional Salary Increases)

Retail Prices Index inflation ("RPI") 3.50% pa Consumer Price Index Inflation ("CPI") 2.80% pa Pension Increases in payment 2.80% p.a. (excess over GMP)

Mortality - base table SAPS Normal (year of birth) tables with an age rating of

> + 0.5 years for males and - 0.4 years for females

4.50% pathereafter

Future improvements in line with CMI 2010 Mortality - future improvements

projections with a long term trend rate of 1.25% p.a.

The actuarial valuation applies to the scheme as a whole and does not identify surpluses or deficits applicable to individual employers. As a whole, the market value of the scheme's assets was £1,506 million representing 95% of the liability for benefits after allowing for expected future increases in salaries.

Based on the strength of the Employer covenant and the Trustee's long-term investment strategy, the Trustee and the Employers agreed to maintain Employer and Member contributions at 13% of Salaries and 6% of Salaries respectively following the valuation. The above rates will be reviewed when the results of the next formal valuation (as at 31 March 2014) are known.

A comparison of SAUL's assets and liabilities calculated using assumptions consistent with FRS17 revealed SAUL to be in deficit at the last formal valuation date (31 March 2011). As part of this valuation changes to the benefit structure were introduced and the Trustee and Employer agreed that no additional contributions were required to eliminate the deficit.

The main benefit change was a new Career Revalued Earnings, or 'CARE' benefit structure which was implemented for new members from 1 July 2012. As a consequence, the cost of benefit accrual was expected to fall as existing final salary members were replaced by new members joining the CARE structure. This would allow an increasing proportion of the expected asset return to be used to eliminate the funding shortfall. Based on conditions as at 31 March 2011, the shortfall was expected to be eliminated by 31 March 2021, which was 10 years from the valuation date.

(continued)

#### 27 Access Funds

2013/14	2012/13
£000	£000
21	18
108	91
129	109
(116)	(88)
13	21
	£000 21 108 129 (116)

Access Funds are available solely for students, Royal Holloway acts only as the paying agent. The grants and related disbursements are therefore excluded from the income and expenditure account.

#### 28 Related Party Transactions

Royal Holloway paid grants of £814k (2012/13 £770k) to Royal Holloway Students' Union.

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